REAL ESTATE TAX COLLECTOR WHITEHALL BOROUGH

DECEMBER 31, 2020

AUDIT REPORT

REAL ESTATE TAX COLLECTOR WHITEHALL BOROUGH

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of School Directors Baldwin-Whitehall School District 4900 Curry Road Pittsburgh, PA 15236

We have audited the accompanying Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis of the Whitehall Borough Real Estate Tax Collector as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and the related notes to the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis, which collectively comprise the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis that it is free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis, whether due to fraud or

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error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis, referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position, cash basis, of the revenues received and expenditures paid related to the 2020 tax duplicate of Baldwin-Whitehall School District of accounting as described in Note 1.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw your attention to the fact that we are auditing the 2020 School duplicate only. Because this audit does not include an audit of the 2020 Borough duplicate at the same time, it is possible that funds from the Borough duplicate may be used to cover collections for the School duplicate and not be detected by these audit procedures. This other matter is not required to be presented and disclosed in the financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis, which describes the basis of accounting. The Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis is prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

J. Martin & Associates, LLC

J. Martin & Associates, LLC Beaver, PA August 19, 2021

REAL ESTATE TAX COLLECTOR WHITEHALL BOROUGH

STATEMENT OF 2020 TAX DUPLICATE RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS CASH BASIS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

RECEIPTS 2020 Real Estate Tax Collections	<u>\$ 16,482,163</u>
Total Receipts	<u>\$ 16,482,163</u>
DISBURSEMENTS Baldwin-Whitehall School District	<u>\$ 16,482,163</u>
Total Disbursements	\$ 16,482,163
RECEIPTS LESS DISBURSEMENTS	<u>\$0</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

REAL ESTATE TAX COLLECTOR WHITEHALL BOROUGH

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Accounting

The accounting records of the Whitehall Borough tax office are maintained on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under the cash basis of accounting, the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis reflects only cash received and disbursed by the tax collector. Therefore, receivables and payables that may be material in amount are not reflected.

B. Audited Duplicates

The Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis in this report reflects tax collections arising from cash transactions pertaining to the 2020 school duplicate only.

C. Nature of Business

The Real Estate tax collector is the municipal officer designated to collect municipal and school real estate taxes. County taxes in Allegheny County are collected by the county treasurer. The real estate tax is the only tax authorized by law to be levied by all classes of local government in the state of Pennsylvania. Every property owner pays real estate taxes to three independent classes: the county, the municipality, and the school district.

D. Election

The tax collector is elected for a four-year term at the municipal election in odd-numbered years. City treasurers are not all elected at the same municipal election, but all borough and township tax collectors were elected in 2001 and at four-year intervals following.

E. Qualified Tax Collectors

- Act 48-2015 requires a basic training program and examination for newly elected tax collectors beginning January 1, 2017. Upon successful completion of the basic training program and exam, a newly elected tax collector will be issued a "qualified tax collector" certification by the Department of Community Economic Development.
- For an individual who is a tax collector prior to January 1, 2017, the tax collector will be considered a qualified tax collector and is issued a qualified tax collector certificate by DCED and added to the list of qualified tax collectors.

F. Tax Duplicate

The tax duplicate is the basic tool of the tax collector. It is the official list of all properties and persons taxable for the current year indicating the amount of tax due on each. It also contains spaces to record

REAL ESTATE TAX COLLECTOR WHITEHALL BOROUGH

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

the payment of taxes and the disposition of all unpaid taxes. The duplicate may be in paper, electronic, or any other format from which accurate reproductions can be made.

- The tax duplicate, when issued to the tax collector, constitutes a personal warrant for the collection of taxes levied in the duplicate. The warrant is the legal authority issued to the tax collector by the taxing district to proceed to collect the taxes listed on the duplicate and empowering the tax collector to apply statutory procedures to enforce collection. The warrant remains in force until the complete settlement of all taxes in the duplicate with the taxing district.
- Warrants are issued solely to the individual named and cannot be used by another person unless the individual is appointed a deputy. The tax collector is prohibited from collecting taxes that do not appear on the duplicate. Tax collectors have no duty or power to alter duplicates placed in their charge for collection of taxes. Any alteration or addition to the duplicate must come from the taxing district.

G. Delivery of Duplicate

- Duplicates for county taxes are issued by the county commissioners. Duplicates must be delivered within 30 days after adoption of the county budget. However, the county commissioners have the option to deliver tax duplicates no later than July 1 if delivering the duplicate by this later date will result in cost savings and the county commissioners adopt a resolution to this effect. Most counties now bill taxes in January or February so that revenues will be received early in their fiscal year.
- Duplicates for municipal taxes are issued by the city, borough, and township governing bodies. Duplicates must be issued to the tax collector within 30 days of the adoption of the budget or 30 days after receipt of the assessment roll from the county, whichever is later. Since municipal fiscal years begin January 1, municipal taxes are usually billed in January or February.
- Duplicates for school taxes must be furnished to the local tax collector by July 1 of each year. This ensures that the billing of school taxes occurs soon after the school fiscal year begins on July 1.
- The taxing district must make settlement with the tax collector for the current year's duplicate before the duplicate of any succeeding year can be delivered to the tax collector. The oath stipulated in Section 26 of the Local Tax Collection Law as part of the settlement process is a mandatory provision which must be met before a new duplicate is delivered.

H. Reports to Taxing District

The tax collector is required to make periodic reports to the taxing district. These reports are due by the tenth day of each month for the previous month's activity but may be required more frequently by the taxing district by ordinance or resolution. All reports must be made on a form approved by the Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED). A taxing district may require the tax collector to include supplemental information not included on the DCED form.

REAL ESTATE TAX COLLECTOR WHITEHALL BOROUGH

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

- The monthly statement must list all taxes collected for the taxing district for the reporting period. This report must list the names of taxpayers and amount collected from each, including discounts and penalties, and must carry a total of all taxes collected with discounts and penalties for the reporting period.
- The monthly statement must include a reconciled tax collector's report. The reconciled report must include each type of tax collected for each taxing district reconciled from the tax duplicates to the amount of taxes remaining to be collected.
- If the monthly reports are not filed on time, the taxing district may impose late filing fees not to exceed \$20 for each business day for the first 6 days the reports are overdue. After 6 days, the late fee cannot exceed \$10 for each additional business day up to a maximum fee of \$250 per overdue report.
- If the taxing district determines that there is a reasonable cause for failure to file the reports, the fee may be waived. The reports will not be considered filed until the late filing fee is received but no further fees will be incurred.
- The report is to be accompanied by payment of the funds collected for which the tax collector is to be given a receipt. In some instances, taxing districts require a more frequent payment of taxes collected.

I. Interim Real Estate Taxes

- Additions to the duplicate may be made during the year after major improvements to a parcel have been completed. The county assessment board certifies the assessment change to the taxing district. The taxing district sends the additions to the duplicate to the tax collector.
- All affected taxpayers must be sent interim tax notices by the tax collectors within 10 days after receipt of duplicate additions. The additional valuation is taxed at the jurisdiction's tax rate reduced proportionately to the number of months remaining in the fiscal year. Interim taxes are supplemental to the original duplicate. They must be accounted for separately. Interim taxes will have different discount, face, and penalty periods than the original duplicate.
- If the full amount is paid within 2 months after the notice, a discount of at least 2% applies. If the full amount is paid within 4 months of the tax notice, no penalty may be imposed, and the taxes cannot be considered delinquent, even if payment occurs after December 31.
- If the taxes due from an interim assessment remain unpaid by December 31 and less than 4 months have elapsed since the date of the tax notice, the taxing district must reissue the duplicate to the elected tax collector to allow the taxpayers a full 4 months to pay the taxes before a penalty may be imposed or the taxes declared delinquent.

There were no interim taxes collected by the real estate tax collector in 2020.

REAL ESTATE TAX COLLECTOR WHITEHALL BOROUGH

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

J. Discounts and Penalties/Millage

- The Local Tax Collection Law establishes the discount and penalty schedule. Calculation of the cutoff date for the discount and face periods is determined by the postmark date on the envelopes.
- Discount: At least 2% if the whole amount of the tax is paid within 2 months after the date of the tax notice.
- Payment at Face: The full amount of tax if paid during the 2 months following the end of the discount period.
- Penalty: Up to 10% added to the face amount for all taxes not paid within 4 months after the date of the tax notice.
- Based upon assessed valuations provided by the County, the municipal tax collector bills and collects property taxes on behalf of the District. The schedule for property taxes levied for 2020 is as follows:

July 1	Tax levy date
Through September 30	2% discount period
Through October 31	Face payment period
Beginning November 1	10% penalty period
2nd Week in January	Lien date

The District tax rate for all purposes in 2020 was .02176 mills (\$21.76 per \$1,000 assessed valuation).

K. Assessment Appeals

Assessment appeals do not halt the timely collection of real estate taxes on the basis of the current value listed in the duplicate. The taxpayer may pay the amount billed under protest, and in this case, the tax collector must deliver the note of written protest to the taxing district. If the assessment is reduced on appeal, the excess must be returned to the taxpayer by the taxing districts.

L. Refunds

Refunds of taxes paid in error may only be made by the taxing district. Checks for the amount of the refund must be issued directly by the treasurer of the taxing district. The tax collector has no authority to make refunds from the tax collection account. During 2020, there were no refunds issued from the Borough that were submitted by the tax collector.

REAL ESTATE TAX COLLECTOR WHITEHALL BOROUGH

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

M. Delinquent Tax Collector

The School District has specific authority to appoint annually special collectors of delinquent taxes. On or before the first Monday of July, the board of school directors may appoint one or more delinquent tax collectors to collect all delinquent school taxes from which the regular tax collector has been exonerated, except for those taxes returned to the county tax claim bureau. The delinquent tax collector has all the powers of a regular tax collector. The compensation is set by the school district. There is no authority to exact an additional fee from the delinquent taxpayers to compensate for the services of the delinquent tax collector. Any additional compensation must come from the tax receipts.

For 2020, the School elected Weiss Burkardt Kramer LLC as the Delinquent Tax Collector.

- A 2000 amendment to the Local Tax Collection Law mandates all counties, cities of the third class, boroughs, towns, and townships to appoint the elected tax collector as the delinquent tax collector by ordinance with the same rights and responsibilities as school district special collectors of delinquent taxes.
- Third class city treasurers are to collect all unpaid taxes including delinquent taxes turned over at the expiration of the term of the previous treasurer.
- As long as the elected tax collectors have the duplicate for real estate and code personal taxes, they remain responsible for their collection. However, after settlement, the taxing district has the right to collect all unpaid taxes.

N. Closing Out Duplicate

As the agent for the taxing district, in accordance with House Bill No. 2200, session of 1998, by January 15th, the tax collector shall make a complete settlement of all taxes for the prior calendar year with the proper authority of the taxing district. The tax collector's final settlement should be audited annually. This involves settlement of all taxes on the duplicate, discharge of bond liability, audit, and return of unpaid real estate taxes to the delinquent tax collector may receive a duplicate for the following year. The following is a summary of the close out of the 2020 duplicate as of December 31, 2020:

REAL ESTATE TAX COLLECTOR WHITEHALL BOROUGH

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

2020 Original Assessed Value	 844,758,990
Times Millage	\$ 18,381,956
Net Assessment Changes Less: Homestead Property	 92,760 (639,031)
Net Duplicate Value	\$ 17,835,685
Less: Collections at Face	 (17,159,924)
Unpaid Taxes at 12/31/2020	\$ 675,761

NOTE 2 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

- In preparing the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements Cash Basis for Baldwin-Whitehall School Real Estate Tax collection, we have evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition and disclosure through the date of the Independent Auditor's Report. Except as noted in the following paragraph, Baldwin-Whitehall School District is not aware of any subsequent events or contingencies that require recognition or disclosure in the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis.
- Recent developments arising from the coronavirus pandemic and efforts to mitigate the disease's domestic and global impacts have disrupted operations of companies in many industries. Facility closings, labor and personnel layoffs, curtailments of supply lines and increased materials costs, contracted production, dislocations of product-deliver methods, and reduced markets diminish companies' ability to maintain employment levels. If fewer individuals are employed, overall employee earnings will be reduced, and it will become more difficult for individuals to make tax payments. Presently, the ultimate effects of this crisis on real estate tax collections and subsequent distributions at the individual public school district level within the municipality are indeterminable because the duration of the crisis is also indeterminable.

NOTE 3 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

As of December 31, 2020, the real estate tax collector was responsible for collecting her own personal real estate taxes and her parents. This related party transactions for the total amount of real estate taxes collected amounted to \$6,756 for the year ended December 31, 2020.



To the Board of School Directors Baldwin-Whitehall School District 4900 Curry Road Pittsburgh, PA 15236

In planning and performing our audit of the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis of Whitehall Borough Tax Collector as of December 31, 2020 and for the year then ended, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the tax collector's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily disclose all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies; therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we noted certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis.

MATERIAL WEAKNESSES

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the following deficiencies in internal control to be material weaknesses:

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Limited Staff

a.	Tax Receipts	e	Posting to the Computer System
b.	Tax Disbursements	f.	Maintaining Individual Tax Payer Records
c.	Refunds	g	Reconciling Bank Accounts
d.	Managing of the Tax Duplicates	h	Tracking and Reconciling Assessment Changes
		i.	Assembling and Reporting Unpaid Lists

In an ideal accounting office, these duties would all be separated and restricted to the individual responsible for that portion of the accounting function. This internal control weakness makes it possible for assets to be misappropriated, by error or fraud, without the knowledge of School or Borough management.

Because of very limited staff, we realize segregation of the above duties is not practical, if not impossible. Because of this internal control situation, the responsibility of the Tax Collector is greatly increased because the School and Borough must rely on the Tax Collector's knowledge of the everyday operations to discover any material changes in the Tax Collector's financial position.

List of Unpaid Taxpayers as of December 31, 2020 Not Generated

According to Act 196, the tax collector should be able to provide a list of uncollected taxes as of any date. Since we have been contracted to perform audit procedures through December 31, 2020, we had requested that this list be provided to us. The tax collector made a list of all unpaid taxes at the time of closing on January 17, 2021 and no other list was provided. Collection records show significant deposits and disbursements occurred in January 2021. We recommend that when the tax collector is performing month end reconciliations and preparing DCED reports, that an unpaid list be made available. We also recommend using this list to make sure that the "Balance Collectable- End of Month" on the DCED reports match the dollar amount on the unpaid list.

Duplicates Not Audited at The Same Time for Total Transparency

As noted in our independent audit report, we want to draw your attention to the fact that we are auditing the 2020 School duplicate only. Because this audit does not include an audit of the 2020 Borough duplicate at the same time, it is possible that funds from the Borough duplicate may be used to cover collections for the School duplicate and not be detected by these audit procedures.

We recommend the School consider discussing the possibility of auditing both duplicates with the Borough at the same time.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention to those charged with governance. We consider the following deficiencies in internal control to be significant deficiencies:

Tax Notice Elements Are Missing

Upon review of the 2020 Tax Notice, we identified missing elements on the tax bill. According to Pennsylvania Real Estate Tax Collection Law, a tax notice must contain the following information:

- Date of tax notice
- Rate of taxation
- Valuation and identification of real property of taxpayer
- Occupation valuation of the taxpayer
- The several amounts of real and personal property and personal taxes is billed for the current year
- The total amount of taxes the taxpayer owes for the current year
- A statement that the taxes are due and payable
- A request of payment of taxes
- Statement of the time and place where taxes can be paid
- Dates of discount, face, and penalty periods
- An indication of the original amount of tax liability before homestead exclusion
- An indication of the amount of the exclusion
- An indication of the net amount of tax due after the exclusion

The 2020 tax notice is missing a statement that the taxes are due and payable, a request for the payment of taxes, and an indication of the original amount of tax liability before the homestead exclusion. We recommend that the School notify the contracted software company that produces the tax notices and advise that to be in compliance with PA Law, all required elements be added to the template.

RESTRICTION ON USE

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, those charged with governance, and others within the organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

J. Martin & Associates, LLC

J. Martin & Associates, LLC Beaver, PA August 19, 2021



To the Board of School Directors Baldwin-Whitehall School District 4900 Curry Road Pittsburgh, PA 15236

We have audited the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis of Whitehall Borough Real Estate Tax Collector for the year ended December 31, 2020 and have issued our report thereon dated August 19, 2021. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards as well as certain information related the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated January 4, 2021. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

The Whitehall Borough Real Estate Tax Collector is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Whitehall Borough Real Estate Tax Collector are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted, and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2020. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the Statement of 2020 Tax Duplicate Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis in the proper period.

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. The Whitehall Borough Real Estate Tax Collector has corrected all such misstatements (if applicable). In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with the Whitehall Borough Real Estate Tax Collector as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from the tax collector that are included in the management representation letter dated August 19, 2021.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship, and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw your attention to the fact that we are auditing the 2020 School duplicate only. Because this audit does not include an audit of the 2020 Borough duplicate at the same time, it is possible that funds from the Borough duplicate may be used to cover collections for the School duplicate and not be detected by these audit procedures. This other matter is not required to be presented and disclosed in the financial statements.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of School Directors and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

J. Martin & Associates, LLC

J. Martin & Associates, LLC Beaver, PA August 19, 2021

BWSD - Whitehall Borough 2020 RETC Audit Report

Final Audit Report

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